Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2013

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the East Ramapo Central School District, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Ramapo Central School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Special Aid funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post Employment Benefits be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2013 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

O'Connor Davies, LLP Harrison, New York

Connor Davies, UP

October 9, 2013





Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the East Ramapo Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Ramapo Central School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the School District in a separate letter.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

O'Connor Davies, LLP

O'Connor Davies, UP

Harrison, New York October 9, 2013

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2013

Introduction

The discussion and analysis of the East Ramapo Central School District's ("School District") financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section, to enhance understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2013 are as follows:

- As of June 30, 2013, the total fund balance of the General Fund was in a deficit position of \$6,445,489, a reduction of \$7,230,369 from the previous year's ending fund balance. A portion of this fund deficit of \$669,617 is reflected as nonspendable to indicate the amounts advanced to the Capital Projects Fund that are not expected to be reimbursed from state aid. The General Fund also reflects a restricted fund balance component totaling \$857,108 for funds set aside for tax certiorari obligations (\$755,741) and self-insured obligations (\$101,367). Encumbrances for various purchase order obligations total \$932,775 and are reported as part of the unassigned fund balance category. Therefore, the remaining portion of fund balance is reported as unassigned and reflects a deficit of \$8,904,989 that will need to be addressed in future budgets. It should be noted that New York State law allows a School District to maintain up to 4% of the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount assigned for the subsequent year's budget. For this School District, that amount would be approximately \$8.25 million, or approximately \$17 million more than what currently exists.
- Due to the School District's low fund balance position, cash flow borrowings in the form of tax anticipation notes were necessary. At the end of the 2012-2013 fiscal year, a new borrowing in the amount of \$17,000,000 in anticipation of the receipt of taxes to be levied for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 was required. The note was dated June 27, 2013 with a maturity date of October 27, 2013.
- A budget note in the amount of \$7,412,491 was issued with an interest rate of 1.25% per annum to cover for under-budgeting in the areas of BOCES services for special education, health insurance and legal expenditures in the 2012-13 school year. Budget notes are short-term financing and the proceeds are not recorded as a revenue source for the General Fund, but rather as a liability reflected on the balance sheet. However, the principal and interest obligation for this note has been budgeted as an appropriation in the 2013-2014 school year. The principal portion will be redeemed against the balance sheet liability, resulting in an unspent appropriation and a restoration of this portion of the fund deficit by June 30, 2014.
- On the district-wide financial statements, the liabilities of the School District exceeded assets by \$93,280,089. The unrestricted portion of net position at year-end is a deficit \$122,277,829. The unrestricted deficit is primarily attributable to the required accrual, under the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 45, of the other post employment benefit ("OPEB") obligations of \$113,065,126 at June 30, 2013, an increase of \$15.4 million over the liability recorded as of June 30, 2012.
- The School District budget was approved by the voters for fiscal year 2012-13.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) district-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains combining and individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

District-Wide Financial Statements

- The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.
- The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the School District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.
- The governmental activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, community services, cost of food sales, other, interest and general support.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

- A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.
- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental
 activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide financial
 statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of
 spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the
 fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing
 requirements.
- Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School District's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

- The School District maintains six individual governmental funds; General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Special Purpose Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Special Aid and Capital Projects funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.
- The School District adopts an annual budget for its General and Special Aid funds. A budgetary
 comparison statement has been provided for these major funds within the basic financial statements
 to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets.
- The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the district-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

District-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School District's financial position. In the case of the East Ramapo Central School District, liabilities exceeded assets by \$93,280,089 at the close of the current fiscal year. For the prior year, this same figure was \$69,890,756. The significant decrease from the prior year is primarily due to the recognition of the increased OPEB obligation mentioned earlier, as well as operating expenditures in excess of revenues.

Net Position

	June 30,			
	2013 2012			2012
Current Assets Capital Assets, net	\$	39,977,319 45,199,921	\$	34,166,066 47,945,107
Total Assets		85,177,240		82,111,173
Current Liablities Long-term Liabilities		46,775,873 131,681,456		32,861,441 119,140,488
Total Liabilities	,,,,,,	178,457,329	307	152,001,929
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted		27,381,914		27,482,536
Debt Service		455,233		553,673
Tax Certiorari		755,741		870,308
Insurance		101,367		101,113
School Lunch		~		297,639
Special Purposes		303,485		312,015
Unrestricted		(122,277,829)		(99,508,040)
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	(93,280,089)	\$	(69,890,756)

The largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (\$27,381,914), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Those assets subject to external restrictions listed above constitute \$1,615,826 of net position and are comprised of amounts restricted for specific purposes, i.e., payments of tax certioraris, debt service etc. The remaining balance represents an unrestricted net deficit of \$122,277,829. This deficit results mainly from the accrual of the School District's other post employment benefit obligation aggregating \$113,065,126 at June 30, 2013.

Change in Net Position

	June 30,		
	2013	2012	
REVENUES			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 3,311,396	\$ 3,213,676	
Operating grants and contributions	37,864,444	38,029,621	
Capital grants and contributions	1,560	384,147	
Total Program Revenues	41,177,400	41,627,444	
General revenues			
Real property taxes	119,806,648	117,405,135	
Other tax items	17,194,006	16,884,109	
Unrestricted use of money and property	116,904	170,740	
Sale of property and compensation for loss	412,892	137,616	
Unrestricted State aid	45,022,215	43,324,248	
Miscellaneous	2,363,266	2,153,328	
Total General Revenues	184,915,931	180,075,176	
Total Revenues	226,093,331	221,702,620	
EXPENSES			
General support	23,446,080	22,816,319	
Instruction	192,149,451	198,319,177	
Pupil transportation	28,378,678	28,439,330	
Community service	111,297	180,066	
Cost of food sales	4,671,585	4,911,485	
Other	16,450	25,125	
Debt service - interest	709,123	718,718	
Total Expenses	249,482,664	255,410,220	
Change in Net Position	(23,389,333)	(33,707,600)	
Net Position - Beginning	(69,890,756)	(36,183,156)	
Net Position - Ending	\$ (93,280,089)	\$ (69,890,756)	

The major changes are as follows:

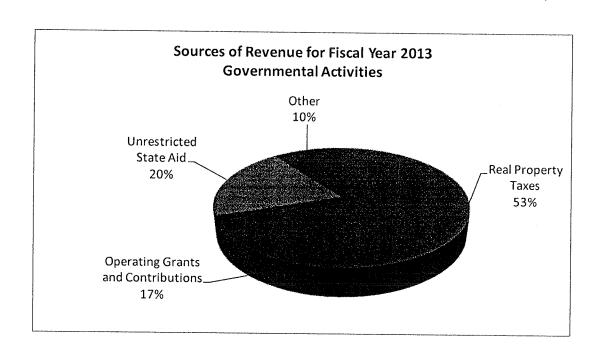
Revenues:

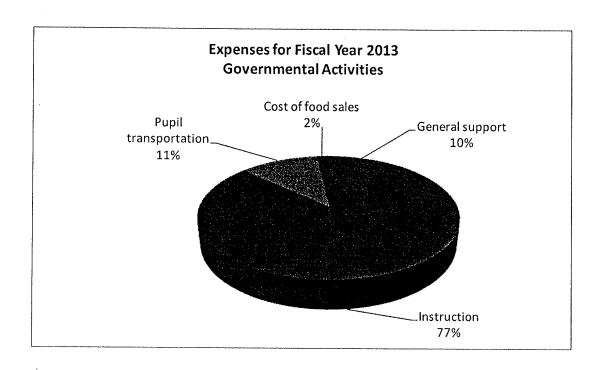
- Real property taxes increased by \$2,401,513, from \$117,405,135 in 2011-12 to \$119,806,648 in 2012-13, an increase of 2.05% due to a higher tax levy.
- Unrestricted State Aid to the School District increased by \$1,697,967, from \$43,324,248 in 2011-12 to \$45,022,215 in 2012-13, an increase of 3.92% due to additional state aid for transportation.
- Miscellaneous revenues decreased by \$209,938 due to a drop in health services reimbursements.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$382,587, due to the receipt of EXCEL state aid for the district-wide capital improvement project in the prior year.

Expenses:

- General Support expenses increased by \$629,761, from \$22,816,319 in 2011-12 to \$23,446,080 in 2012-13, due to a sharp increase in legal expenses.
- Instruction expenses decreased by \$6,169,726, from \$198,319,177 in 2011-12 to \$192,149,451 in 2012-13 due to instructional staff restructuring.

As indicated on the following charts, the School District relies upon real property taxes as its primary revenue source (53%) and Unrestricted State Aid as its secondary source of revenue (20%). The School District's instruction costs accounted for 77% of its expenses.





Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Fund Balance Reporting

GASB issued Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" in February 2009. The requirements of Statement No. 54 became effective for financial statements for periods ending June 30, 2011. GASB Statement No. 54 abandoned the reserved and unreserved classifications of fund balance and replaced them with five new classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. An explanation of these classifications follows below:

- Nonspendable consists of assets that either are inherently nonspendable in the current period, because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale and principal of endowments.
- Restricted consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority before the end of the fiscal year, and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint.
 - Note According to the Office of the State Comptroller, school districts in New York will not have committed fund balance to report.
- Assigned consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or by their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of

the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.

 Unassigned – represents the residual classification for the School District's General Fund, and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

These changes were made to reflect spending constraints on resources, rather than availability for appropriations and to bring greater clarity and consistency to fund balance reporting. According to GASB, this pronouncement should result in an improvement in the usefulness of fund balance information.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a School District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported negative combined fund balances of \$6,792,826, a reduction of \$8,071,416 from the prior year. Exclusive of the Capital Projects Fund, the total fund deficit aggregates \$7,462,443. Of this amount, \$727,609 is in nonspendable form (\$669,717 for advances to the Capital Projects Fund and \$57,992 for inventories in the School Lunch Fund) while \$1,515,826 is restricted for various purposes (\$755,741 for tax certiorari obligations, \$101,367 for self-insured insurance purposes, \$355,233 for debt service purposes and \$303,485 for special purposes). Another \$100,000 of the fund balance is assigned in the Debt Service Fund to be used to offset debt service obligations in 2013-14. The remainder of the total fund balance is a deficit of \$8,466,644. Of this amount, \$932,775 is earmarked to fund encumbrances and the remainder (a deficit of \$9,399,419) represents the balance of unassigned fund balance. This indicates that the School District does not have any resources available to be used for any discretionary purposes.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the School District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was a deficit of \$6,445,489. This represents a decrease of \$7,230,369 from the prior year. This resulted from the under estimating of expenditures, thus necessitating the need for the issuance of the budget note mentioned earlier in this discussion.

More detailed information about the School District's governmental fund balances is presented in note 3,I in the notes to financial statements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget of \$192,853,803 (inclusive of the rollover of prior year encumbrances of \$925,412) was increased by \$9,488,767 primarily due to under-budgeting in the areas of BOCES for special education services, health insurance and legal expenditures. Revenues and other financing sources were \$6,878,700 less than the final budget. This was primarily due to proceeds of the budget note of \$7,412,491 issued on June 27, 2013. Even though the budget is amended to recognize a revenue source from the budget note (and the appropriation budget is increased accordingly in those areas that were under funded to provide the necessary spending authority), the proceeds from a budget note do not result in the recognition of actual revenue. Expenditures and other financing uses, inclusive of encumbrances, were \$258,336 less than the final budget, due to mid-year restructuring of the School District's teaching staff.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2012, the School District had capital assets of \$45,199,921 net of accumulated depreciation invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, improvements other than buildings, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below.

	June 30,				
		2013		2012	
Land Construction-in-progress Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$	7,764,601 - 35,844,525 1,590,795	\$	7,764,601 177,475 38,141,666 1,861,365	
Total	\$	45,199,921	\$	47,945,107	
i Otai	Ψ	70,100,021	Ψ	-17,010,107	

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in note 3B in the notes to financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

The School District had general obligation and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

	June 30,			
	2013			2012
Bonds payable Energy performance contract	\$	13,119,094 4,758,133	\$	14,796,526 5,740,070
Compensated absences Claims		739,103		744,005 212,815
Other postemployment benefits		113,065,126		97,647,072
	\$	131,681,456	\$	119,140,488

Under the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, a full valauation of post-employment benefits was performed during the prior fiscal year by an actuary. The data was then rolled forward in the current fiscal year. A new full valuation will be performed in the upcoming fiscal year. The School District's obligations payable for post employment benefits increased by approximately \$15.4 million to \$113 million. This liability is expected to continue to increase since there is no mechanism currently in place under state law to allow for the advance funding of this obligation.

More detailed information about the School District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 3,F in the notes to financial statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District's finances for all those with an interest in the School District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

East Ramapo Central School District
Attn: Valter Paci
Assistant to the Superintendent for Business
105 S. Madison Avenue
Spring Valley, New York 10977

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

Julie 30, 2010	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cook and aguivalents	\$ 28,519,012
Cash and equivalents Investments	338,978
Receivables	· -
Accounts	997,042
State and Federal aid	9,362,294
Due from other governments	642,781
Inventories	57,992 50,330
Deferred charges	59,220
Capital assets	7,764,601
Not being depreciated	37,435,320
Being depreciated, net	
Total Assets	85,177,240_
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	9,408,979
Accrued liabilities	1,329,176
Unearned revenue	7,311 269,677
Due to other governments	. 11,283,291
Due to retirement systems Toy anticipation notes payable	17,000,000
Tax anticipation notes payable Budget note payable	7,412,491
Accrued interest payable	64,948
Non-current liabilities	
Due within one year	3,010,320
Due in more than one year	128,671,136
Total Liabilities	178,457,329
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	27,381,914
Restricted	AEE 222
Debt service	455,233 755,741
Tax certiorari	101,367
Insurance Special purposes	303,485
Special purposes Unrestricted	(122,277,829)
Total Net Position	\$ (93,280,089)



Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2013

		i	Net (Expense)			
		Operating		Capital	Revenue and	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Changes in	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Net Position	
Governmental activities				_		
General support	\$ 23,446,080	\$ 1,393,833	\$ 241,593	\$ -	\$ (21,810,654)	
Instruction	192,149,451	1,334,747	34,243,886	-	(156,570,818)	
Pupil transportation	28,378,678	500	-	-	(28,378,178)	
Community services	111,297	700.040	0.074.045	-	(111,297)	
Cost of food sales	4,671,585	582,316	3,371,045	-	(718,224)	
Other	16,450	-	7,920	1 500	(8,530)	
Interest	709,123	-		1,560	(707,563)	
T 4 4 C						
Total Governmental	¢ 040 490 664	¢ 2211206	\$ 37,864,444	\$ 1,560	(208,305,264)	
Activities	<u>\$ 249,482,664</u>	\$ 3,311,396	φ 37,004,444	ψ 1,500 ———————————————————————————————————	(200,000,201)	
	General revenues					
	Real property ta				119,806,648	
	Other tax items	762			110,000,010	
		ef reimbursement			16,857,215	
	Payments in li		•		336,791	
	•	e of money and p	roperty		116,904	
		and compensation			412,892	
	Unrestricted Sta	•	511 51 1555		45,022,215	
	Miscellaneous	ato ara			2,363,266	
	Misochanoodo					
	Total General	Revenues			184,915,931	
	. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
	Change in Ne	t Position			(23,389,333)	
	Net Position - Beg	ginning			(69,890,756)	
	Net Position - End	dina			\$ (93,280,089)	
	NOCT OSMOTT - LIN	41119			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

ASSETS Cook and aguivalents	General 070	Special Aid	Capital Projects \$ 28,001
Cash and equivalents Investments Receivables	\$ 26,382,070 40,561	\$ 1,619,558 144	5 26,001
Accounts State and Federal aid	992,794	4,248	44 240
Due from other governments	3,884,420 642,781	5,243,017 -	11,248 -
Due from other funds Advances to other funds	6,669,639 669,617	-	-
Inventories	-		
Total Assets	\$ 39,281,882	\$ 6,866,967	\$ 39,254
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities			
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 8,495,288 1,282,467	\$ 746,518 46,611	\$ -
Unearned revenue	1,202,407	7,311	~
Due to other funds		6,066,527	23,411 669,617
Advances from other funds Due to other governments	253,834	-	15,843
Due to retirement systems	11,283,291	-	-
Budget note payable Tax anticipation notes payable	7,412,491 17,000,000	-	-
Total Liabilities	45,727,371	6,866,967	708,871
Fund balances (deficits)			
Nonspendable	669,617	-	-
Restricted Assigned	857,108 -	- -	-
Unassigned	(7,972,214)		(669,617)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	(6,445,489)	**	(669,617)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 39,281,882	\$ 6,866,967	\$ 39,254

n-Major ernmental	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 489,383 298,268	\$	28,519,012 338,978
223,609 - 5 - 57,992		997,042 9,362,294 642,781 6,669,644 669,617 57,992
\$ 1,069,257	\$	47,257,360
\$ 167,173 98 - 579,706 - - -	\$	9,408,979 1,329,176 7,311 6,669,644 669,617 269,677 11,283,291 7,412,491 17,000,000
 746,977		54,050,186
57,992 658,718 100,000 (494,430) 322,280		727,609 1,515,826 100,000 (9,136,261) (6,792,826)
\$ 1,069,257	\$	47,257,360



Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the District-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

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64,948) 9,094) 68,133) 69,103)
16,404) 30,089)
313

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

REVENUES Real property taxes	General \$ 119,806,648	Special Aid \$ -	Capital Projects -
Other tax items Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and	17,194,006 1,335,247 1,513,181	- - -	- -
compensation for loss State aid Federal aid Food sales	412,892 49,602,465 1,205,106	6,740,440 21,945,114 -	- - -
Miscellaneous	2,363,266	12,125	_
Total Revenues	193,432,811	28,697,679	
EXPENDITURES Current General support	18,460,015		
Instruction Pupil transportation Community services	108,256,865 25,827,023 126,043	29,070,663 - -	- -
Employee benefits Cost of food sales Other Debt service	44,299,721 - -	- -	· -
Principal Interest Capital outlay	2,941,937 774,470 	-	- - 68,995
Total Expenditures	200,686,074	29,070,663	68,995
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(7,253,263)	(372,984)	(68,995)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bonds issued Transfers in Transfers out	364,873 100,000 (441,979)	372,984 	- 68,995
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	22,894	372,984	68,995
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,230,369)	-	-
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year	784,880	_	(669,617)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - End of Year	\$ (6,445,489)	\$ -	\$ (669,617)

Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - - 1,767	\$ 119,806,648 17,194,006 1,335,247 1,514,948
106,626 3,264,265 582,316 7,867	412,892 56,449,531 26,414,485 582,316 2,383,258
3,962,841	226,093,331
- - - - 4,687,438 16,450 -	18,460,015 137,327,528 25,827,023 126,043 44,299,721 4,687,438 16,450 2,941,937 774,470
_	68,995
4,703,888	234,529,620
(741,047)	(8,436,289)
(100,000)	364,873 541,979 (541,979)
(100,000)	364,873
(841,047)	(8,071,416)
1,163,327	1,278,590
\$ 322,280	\$ (6,792,826)

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Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2013

Amounts Reported for 0	Governmental	Activities in	the Statement of	Activities are	Different Because:

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Bess	400	•
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(8,071,416)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense		
exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		1,294,748
Capital outlay expenditures		(4,039,934)
Depreciation expense		(1,000,100,17
		(2,745,186)
Bond and other debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repaymen of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	t	
Bonds issued		(364,873)
Principal paid on serial bonds		1,960,000
Principal paid on energy performance contracts		981,937
Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and premium		67,500
		2,644,564
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.		(16,958)
Accrued interest		4,902
Compensated absences Claims		212,815
Other post employment benefit obligations		(15,418,054)
Other post employment benefit obligations		
		(15,217,295)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(23,389,333)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget And Actual General and Special Aid Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

	General Fund			
REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Real property taxes Other tax items Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and	\$ 120,314,242 17,207,215 1,472,000 1,200,000	\$ 120,314,242 17,207,215 1,472,000 1,200,000	\$ 119,806,648 17,194,006 1,335,247 1,513,181	\$ (507,594) (13,209) (136,753) 313,181
compensation for loss State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	48,381,536 2,760,000 493,398	54,345 48,681,536 2,760,000 1,209,682	412,892 49,602,465 1,205,106 2,363,266	358,547 920,929 (1,554,894) 1,153,584
Total Revenues	191,828,391	192,899,020	193,432,811	533,791
EXPENDITURES Current General support Instruction Pupil transportation Community services Employee benefits Debt service Principal	16,846,075 104,285,900 24,501,482 130,541 42,887,872 2,941,938	18,768,242 109,118,419 25,835,088 130,571 44,301,103	18,460,015 108,256,865 25,827,023 126,043 44,299,721 2,941,937	308,227 861,554 8,065 4,528 1,382
Interest Total Expenditures	859,995 192,453,803	780,808 201,876,169	<u>774,470</u> 200,686,074	1,190,095
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(625,412)	(8,977,149)	(7,253,263)	1,723,886
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bonds issued Budget note issued Transfers in Transfers out	- - 100,000 (400,000)	364,873 7,412,491 100,000 (466,401)	364,873 - 100,000 (441,979)	- (7,412,491) - 24,422
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(300,000)	7,410,963	22,894	(7,388,069)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(925,412)	(1,566,186)	(7,230,369)	(5,664,183)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	925,412	1,566,186	784,880	(781,306)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - End of Year	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ (6,445,489)	\$ (6,445,489)

	Special Aid Fund					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$	_	\$ -	\$	- \$ -		
	-	-		- -		
	-	-				
	7,155,929 25,405,033 12,125	7,137,613 26,836,379 12,125	6,740,44 21,945,11 12,12	(4,891,265)		
	32,573,087	33,986,117	28,697,67	(5,288,438)		
	32,973,087 - - - - - 32,973,087 (400,000)	34,360,117 	29,070,66	63 5,289,454		
_	400,000	374,000	372,98			
	-	-				
	_	-				
		_	•	rh.		
9	-	\$ -	\$	\$		

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2013

ASSETS	Agency
Cash and equivalents Investments	\$ 1,195,605 69,230
Total Assets	\$ 1,264,835
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 641,849
Employee payroll deductions	373,824
Escrow deposits	124,654
Student activity funds	124,508
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,264,835

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2013

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The East Ramapo Central School District, New York ("School District"), as presently constituted, operates in accordance with the provisions of the Education Law of the State of New York. The Board of Education is the legislative body responsible for overall operation of the School District and is elected by the voters of the School District. The Superintendent serves as the chief executive officer. The School District's primary function is to provide education for its pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance and plant maintenance support the primary function.

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles for local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the School District's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the School District, b) organizations for which the School District is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the School District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

The School District participates in the Rockland County Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"), a jointly governed entity. BOCES is a voluntary association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs, which provide educational and support services. BOCES' governing board is elected based on the vote of members of the participating districts' governing boards. BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. BOCES charges the districts for program costs based on participation and for administrative and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital costs is determined by resident public school enrollment as defined in Education Law. Copies of BOCES' financial statement can be requested from Rockland County BOCES, 65 Parrott Road, West Nyack, New York 10994-0607.

B. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the School District as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The School District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The School District maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the district-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the district-wide presentation. The School District's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following represents the School District's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

major special revenue fund of the School District is the Special Aid Fund. The Special Aid Fund is used to account for special projects or programs supported in whole or in part with Federal, State or local funds.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The School District also reports the following non-major governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds:

School Lunch Fund - The School Lunch Fund is used to record the operations of the breakfast and lunch programs of the School District.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the School District in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest, and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in District-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity on behalf of others. Among the activities included in the Agency Fund are the student activity funds. The Agency Fund is also utilized to account for payroll tax withholdings and other deposits that are payable to other jurisdictions or individuals.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

The School District's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The School District has adopted its own written investment policy, which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The School District is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions and accordingly, the School District's policy provides for no credit risk on investments.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The School District has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the School District's name. The School District's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>June 30, 2013</u>

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments - The School District participates in the Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System ("CLASS"), a cooperative investment pool, established pursuant to General Municipal Law that meets the definition of a 2a7-like pool. In accordance with the provisions of General Municipal Law, Article 3A, CLASS has designated Cutwater Asset Management, a wholly owned subsidiary of MBIA, Inc. as its registered investment advisor. MBIA, Inc. is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and is subject to all of the rules and regulations of an investment advisor handling public funds. As such, the SEC provides regulatory oversight of CLASS.

The pool is authorized to invest in various securities issued by the United States and its agencies. The amount represents the amortized cost of the cooperative shares and is considered to approximate fair value. The School District's position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares. Additional information concerning the cooperative is presented in the annual report of CLASS, which may be obtained from MBIA Municipal Investors Service Corporation, 113 King Street, Armonk, NY 10504.

CLASS is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's ratings. Local government investment cooperatives in this rating category meet the highest standards for credit quality, conservative investment policies and safety of principal. The cooperative invests in a high quality portfolio of investments legally permissible for municipalities and school districts in the State.

The School District was invested only in the above mentioned obligations and, accordingly, was not exposed to any interest rate or credit risk.

Property Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of July 1st and are payable on September 1st. The various towns which are included in the levy are responsible for the billing and collection of the taxes through November 1st of the tax year at which time collection responsibility is transferred to the County of Rockland, New York ("County"). The County guarantees the full payment of the School District warrant and assumes responsibility for uncollected taxes.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the School District. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the School District has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2013, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Advances To/From Other Funds - Advances to/from other funds represent loans to other funds, which are not expected to be repaid within the subsequent annual operating cycle. The advances are offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements which indicates that the funds are not "available" for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Inventories - Inventories in the School Lunch Fund consist of food and supplies and are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at a stated value which approximates market. These inventories consist primarily of items held for consumption. The cost is recorded as inventory at the time individual inventory items are purchased. The School District uses the consumption method to relieve inventory. In the fund financial statements, reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Deferred Charges - Deferred charges in the district-wide financial statements represent the unamortized portion of the cost of issuance of the refunding bonds. These costs are being amortized over the term of the respective bond issues.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment of the School District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life <u>in Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	20-50 5-20

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied. In the district-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of amounts received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The School District has reported unearned revenues of \$7,311 for State and Federal aid received in advance in the Special Aid Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

As of June 30, 2013, no amounts were required to be reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the district-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Position - Net position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position include net investment in capital assets, restricted for debt service, tax certiorari, insurance and special purposes. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is to be reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law or Education Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance will be reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision making authority for the School District that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Education.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained either by the Board of Education for the amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or the Assistant Superintendent for Business for amounts assigned for encumbrances. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the School District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the School District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as unassigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is October 9, 2013.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The School District generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial statements:

- a) The Board of Education holds several public budget development workshops attended by interested members of the community.
- b) At least seven days prior to the budget hearing, a copy of the budget is made available to the voters.
- c) At the budget hearing, the voters may raise questions concerning the items contained in the budget.
- d) The Board of Education establishes a date for the annual meeting, which by law will be held on the third Tuesday in May.
- e) The voters are permitted to vote upon the General Fund budget at the annual meeting.
- f) If the original proposed budget is not approved by the voters, the Board of Education has the option of either resubmitting the original or revising the budget for voter approval at a special meeting held at a later date; or the Board of Education may, at that point, adopt a contingency budget. If the Board of Education decides to submit either the original or a revised budget to the voters for a second time, and the voters do not approve the second budget submittal, the Board of Education must adopt a contingency budget and the tax levy cannot exceed the total tax levy of the prior year (0% levy growth). In addition, the administrative component of the contingency budget shall not comprise a greater percentage of the contingency budget exclusive of the capital component than the lesser of either 1) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the prior year budget exclusive of the capital component; or 2) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the last proposed defeated budget exclusive of the capital component.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- g) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General and Special Aid funds.
- h) The budgets for General and Special Aid funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. The Board of Education does not adopt an annual budget for the School Lunch, Special Purpose or Debt Service funds.
- The Board of Education has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts in excess of 10% of the original appropriation, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Education. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- j) Appropriations in General and Special Aid funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education.

B. Limitation on Fund Balance

The School District is limited to the amount of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance, with certain exceptions, that can be retained. New York State law limits this amount of fund balance to 4% of the ensuing year's budget.

C. Property Tax Limitation

The School District is not limited as to the maximum amount of real property taxes which may be raised. However, on June 24, 2011, the Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This law applies to all local governments, including school districts.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law restricts the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a school district in a particular year, beginning with the 2012-2013 fiscal year. It expires on June 16, 2016.

Pursuant to the Tax Levy Limitation Law, the tax levy of a school district cannot increase by more than the lesser of two percent or the annual increase in the consumer price index. Certain adjustments would be permitted as defined by Section 1220 of the Real Property Tax Law. A school district could exceed the tax levy limitation only if the budget is approved by at least 60% of the vote. There are certain exemptions to the tax levy limitation, such as expenditures made on account of certain tort settlements and certain increases in the actuarial contribution rates of the various public employee retirement systems.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2013

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

D. Expenditures in Excess of Budget

The Warehouse capital project exceeded its budgetary provision by \$20,445.

E. Fund Deficits

The unassigned deficit of \$7,972,214 in the General Fund arises because of operating expenditures exceeding available revenues during the past several fiscal years. A budget note was issued and is anticipated to be repaid in 2013-14, which is expected to alleviate the deficit. The unassigned deficit of \$669,617 in the Capital Projects Fund arises because of expenditures exceeding current financing on the projects. This deficit will be eliminated with the subsequent receipt of authorized financing. The unassigned deficit of \$494,430 in the School Lunch Fund arises because of allocated costs exceeding available revenues. This deficit will be eliminated in the subsequent year through monitoring of expenditures and imposition of price increases.

F. Application of Accounting Standards

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" ("GASB Statement No. 63"). This statement provides financial reporting guidance for these elements first introduced in GASB Concept Statement No. 4, "Elements of Financial Statements". Previous financial reporting standards did not include guidance for reporting these financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Due From/To Other Funds

The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2013 is as follows:

Fund	 Due From	 Due To
General Special Aid Capital Projects Non-Major Governmental	\$ 6,669,639 - - 5	\$ 6,066,527 23,411 579,706
	\$ 6,669,644	\$ 6,669,644

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the School District's capital assets are as follows:

Class	Balance July 1, 2012 Additions					Deletions		Balance June 30, 2013
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$	7,764,601 177,475	\$	-	\$	- 177,475	\$	7,764,601
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$	7,942,076	\$	-	\$	177,475	\$	7,764,601
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$	91,055,873 8,816,959	\$	1,280,860 191,363	\$	274,906	\$	92,336,733 8,733,416
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		99,872,832		1,472,223		274,906		101,070,149
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	Minimum	52,914,207 6,955,594		3,578,001 461,933		- 274,906	Grandsteinisses	56,492,208 7,142,621
Total Accumulated Depreciation	·	59,869,801		4,039,934	S	274,906		63,634,829
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$	40,003,031	<u>\$</u>	(2,567,711)	\$	_	\$	37,435,320
Capital Assets, net	\$	47,945,107	\$	(2,567,711)	\$	177,475	\$	45,199,921

Depreciation expense was charged to School District functions and programs as follows:

General Support	\$	207,354
Instruction		3,500,357
Pupil Transportation		257,502
Cost of Food Sales	-	74,721
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	4,039,934

C. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2013 were as follows:

	-		Fund			
		General	Special Aid	n-Major rnmental	*******	Total
Payroll and employee benefits Other	\$	825,221 457,246	\$ 46,611 	\$ 98 	\$	871,930 457,246
	\$	1,282,467	\$ 46,611	\$ 98	\$	1,329,176

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Short-Term Non-Capital Borrowings

The schedule below details the changes in short-term non-capital borrowings. These borrowings consisted of notes issued in anticipation of the collection of real property taxes and to meet expenditures for which an insufficient or no provision was made in the 2012-13 adopted budget.

Purpose	Date of Original Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Balance July 1, 2012	New Issues	Redemptions	Balance June 30, 2013
Tax Anticipation Notes	6/26/12	10/26/12	- %	\$ 15,000,000	\$ -	\$ 15,000,000	\$ -
Tax Anticipation Notes	6/27/13	10/27/13	1.22	-	8,500,000	-	8,500,000
Tax Anticipation Notes	6/27/13	10/27/13	1.75	-	5,000,000	-	5,000,000
Tax Anticipation Notes	6/27/13	10/27/13	2.00		3,500,000		3,500,000
				\$ 15,000,000	\$ 17,000,000	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 17,000,000
Budget Note	3/27/2013	11/15/2013	1.25	\$ -	7,412,491	\$ -	\$ 7,412,491

Interest expenditures/expense of \$62,500 for the tax anticipation notes were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund and in the district-wide financial statements. Interest expense of \$24,451 for the budget note was recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

E. Pension Plans

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS") ("Systems"). These Systems are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The Systems provide retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law. The Systems issue publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems. These reports may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12224 and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395.

Funding Policy - The Systems are non-contributory except for employees in tiers 3 and 4 that have less than ten years of service, who contribute 3% of their salary, employees in tier 5 who also contribute 3% of their salary for ERS and 3.5% for TRS without regard to their years of service and employees in tier 6 who contribute between 3% and 6% depending on salary levels and also without regard to years of service. Contributions to ERS are certified by the State Comptroller and expressed as a percentage of members' salary. Contribution rates are actuarially determined and based upon membership tier and plan. Contributions to ERS consist of a life insurance portion and regular pension contributions. Pursuant to Article 11 of Education Law, actuarial contributions are established annually for TRS by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. Contribution rates for the plans' year's ending in 2013 are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2013

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

EF	RS		RS
Tier/Plan	Rate	Tiers	Rate
1 75I 2 75I 3 A14 4 A15 5 A15 6 A15	25.4% 23.3 18.7 18.7 15.2 10.2	1-6	11.84%

Contributions made or accrued to the Systems for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

	 ERS	 TRS				
2013	\$ 3,802,482	\$ 9,667,968				
2012	3,087,299	9,531,329				
2011	2,252,503	6,010,500				

The ERS and TRS contributions were equal to 100% of the actuarially required contributions for each respective fiscal year.

The current year ERS contribution was charged to the General, Special Aid and School Lunch funds in the amounts of \$3,575,281, \$155,930 and \$71,271, respectively. The current year TRS contribution was charged to the General Fund and Special Aid Fund in the amounts of \$8,961,761 and \$706,207, respectively.

F. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the School District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	Balance July 1, 2012		New Issues/ Additions		Maturities and/or Payments		Balance June 30, 2013		Due Within One-Year	
Bonds Payable - Capital construction Plus - Unamortized premium on bonds Less - Deferred amounts	\$	14,385,000 607,573	\$	364,873 -	\$	1,960,000 121,515	\$	12,789,873 486,058	\$	1,895,000 -
on refunding		(196,047)		-		(39,210)		(156,837)		-
Facery Devices		14,796,526		364,873		2,042,305		13,119,094		1,895,000
Energy Performance Contract Payable		5,740,070		-		981,937		4,758,133	0.144	1,041,320
Other Non-current Liabilities:										
Compensated Absences		744,005		69,498		74,400		739,103		74,000
Claims Payable Other Post Employment Benefit		212,815		-		212,815		-		-
Obligations Payable		97,647,072		24,228,927	***************************************	8,810,873		113,065,126	***************************************	_
Total Other Non-current										
Liabilities	•	98,603,892		24,298,425		9,098,088	West Control of the C	113,804,229	***************************************	74,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	119,140,488	\$	24,663,298	\$	12,122,330	\$	131,681,456	\$	3,010,320

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The School District's indebtedness for bonds, energy performance contract debt, compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations is satisfied by the General Fund.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2013 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of Issue	 Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding at June 30, 2013
Refunding Bonds Various District Improvements Real Property Tax Refunds	2011 2012 2013	\$ 8,280,000 7,180,000 364,873	May, 2017 June, 2025 June, 2018	3.00 - 5.000 % 2.75 - 3.000 1.50 - 2.000	\$ 5,780,000 6,645,000 364,873
					\$ 12,789,873

Interest expenditures of \$506,900 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$417,102 was recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

Energy Performance Contracts Payable

The School District, in May 2006, entered into two contractual agreements to install energy savings equipment and/or to upgrade existing facilities to enhance performance. The terms of the contracts provide for repayment over ten years, with one contract including interest at 3.85% and the other contract including interest at 4.16%. The balance due on these contracts at June 30, 2013 was \$4,758,133. Interest expenditures/expense of \$205,070 was recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund and in the district-wide financial statements.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding bonds and energy performance contract debt outstanding at June 30, 2013, including interest payments of \$2,292,540 are as follows:

Year Ended	Bo	nds		Energy Performance			Contract	Total													
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal Interest		Principal		Principal		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Principal		Interest
2014	\$ 1,895,000	\$	454,562	\$	1,041,320	\$	166,105	\$	2,936,320	\$	620,667										
2015	2,049,873		385,836		1,082,643		125,592		3,132,516		511,428										
2016	2,165,000		313,025		1,125,607		83,471		3,290,607		396,496										
2017	2,225,000		220,863		1,170,277		39,675		3,395,277		260,538										
2018	705,000		126,325		338,286		2,873		1,043,286		129,198										
2019-2023	3,330,000		358,613		-		-		3,330,000		358,613										
2024-2025	 420,000		15,600		-				420,000		15,600										
	\$ 12,789,873	\$	1,874,824	\$	4,758,133	_\$_	417,716	\$_	17,548,006	\$	2,292,540										

The above general obligation bonds and energy performance contract debt are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the School District.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Non-instructional employees earn vacation after the completion of one year of service. As a result, these employees are owed vacation time for the previous year. Upon separation of service, these employees are compensated for any unused vacation days earned in the previous year. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the district-wide financial statements.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the School District may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post-employment health care benefits is shared between the School District and the retired employee. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure as claims are paid.

The School District's annual other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution, ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be done under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, the assumptions and projections utilized do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The School District is required to accrue on the district-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. Funding for the Plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis. The assumed rate of increase in postretirement benefits is discussed below.

The amortization basis is the level dollar method with an open amortization approach with 25 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and an annual healthcare cost trend of 9%, and then reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.00% after 5 years. The School District

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying post employment benefits. The actuarial cost method utilized was the projected unit credit method.

The number of participants as of June 30, 2013 was as follows:

Active Employees Retired Employees	1,256 1,201	
Total	2,457	
Amortization Component: Actuarial Accrued Liability as of July 1, 2011 Assets at Market Value	\$	296,910,662
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL")	<u>\$</u>	296,910,662
Funded Ratio	مر بخشوري مناسعين	0.00%
Covered Payroll (Active plan members)	<u>\$</u>	98,704,838
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		300.81%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$	25,860,324 3,905,883 (5,537,280)
Annual OPEB Cost		24,228,927
Contributions Made		(8,810,873)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		15,418,054
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year		97,647,072
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$	113,065,126

The School District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding years are as follows:

		Percentage of		
	Annual	Annual OPEB		Net OPEB
(OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed		Obligation
\$	24,228,927	36.37 %	\$	113,065,126
	26,570,188	31.20		97,647,072
	30,401,320	27.11		79,365,918
	\$	OPEB Cost \$ 24,228,927 26,570,188	Annual Annual OPEB OPEB Cost Cost Contributed \$ 24,228,927 36.37 % 26,570,188 31.20	Annual OPEB Cost Cost Contributed \$ 24,228,927

The schedule of funding progress for the OPEB plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits over time.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without equivalent flows of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reported as transfers.

		Transfers In	
Transfers Out	General Fund	Capi Special Proje Aid Fund Fur	ects
General Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$ - 100,000	\$ 372,984 \$ 68 	3,995 \$ 441,979 - 100,000
	\$ 100,000	\$ 372,984 \$ 68	3,995 \$ 541,979

Transfers are used to 1) move funds from the Debt Service Fund to the General Fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due and 2) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Special Aid and Capital Projects funds expenditures.

H. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for Tax Certiorari - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with the Education Law of the State of New York to provide funding for court ordered tax refunds which are currently in process.

Restricted for Insurance - the component of net position that report amounts set aside for payment of liability, casualty and other types of losses in accordance with Section 6-n of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Special Purposes - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

. Fund Balances

	Total	\$ 669,617	684,535	870,308 101,113 453,673 312,015	1,737,109	100,000	382,721	369,780 549,436 6,196	925,412 (2,451,187)	(1,525,775)	\$ 1,278,590
2012	Non-Major Governmental	\$ 14,918	14,918	453,673 312,015	765,688	100,000	382,721		1 1	•	\$ 1,163,327
50	Capital Projects Fund	υ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ı	1 1 1 1	•	1 1	1	1 1 1	(669,617)	(669,617)	\$ (669,617)
	General Fund	\$ 669,617	669,617	870,308 101,113	971,421	i 1	1	369,780 549,436 6,196	925,412 (1,781,570)	(856,158)	\$ 784,880
	Total	\$ 669,617 57,992	727,609	755,741 101,367 355,233 303,485	1,515,826	100,000	100,000	249,647 680,841 2,287	932,775 (10,069,036)	(9,136,261)	\$ (6,792,826)
2013	Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$ 57,992	57,992	355,233 303,485	658,718	100,000	100,000	1 1 1	(494,430)	(494,430)	\$ 322,280
	Capital Projects Fund	ω	1	1 1 1 1	1	1 1	1		(569,617)	(669,617)	\$ (669,617)
	General Fund	\$ 669,617	669,617	755,741 101,367	857,108	1 1	t	249,647 680,841 2,287	932,775 (8,904,989)	(7,972,214)	\$ (6,445,489)
		Nonspendable Advances Inventories	Total Nonspendable	Restricted Tax certiorari Insurance Debt service Special purposes	Total Restricted	Assigned Subsequent year's expenditures - Debt Service Fund School Lunch Fund	Total Assigned	Unassigned Purchases on order: General support Instruction Transportation	Other	Total Unassigned	Total Fund Balances (Deficits)

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) June 30, 2013

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements, which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Advances have been established to indicate the long-term nature of funds advanced to the Capital Projects Fund. These funds do not represent "available" spendable resources even though they are a component of current assets.

Inventories in the School Lunch Fund have been classified as nonspendable to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not "available" for expenditure because the asset is in the form of commodities and the School District anticipates utilizing them in the normal course of operations.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at June 30, 2013, the School Board has assigned the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Purchases on order are unassigned and represent the School district's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriation will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Unassigned fund balance represents amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted or assigned.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The East Ramapo Building Administrators' Association has filed a grievance against the School District requesting that all of its members receive an additional amount of compensation so as to achieve parity with the top salary for their position beginning with the fifth year of tenure. This matter is based upon the appointment of the former Superintendent of Schools as Principal of a Middle School, while receiving compensation at a level pursuant to a contract to serve as Superintendent. A grievance hearing occurred and the grievance was denied. The matter is being held in abeyance during pendency of contract negotiations.

There are several pending cases relating to parents of special education students who have filed claims for reimbursement for their costs of private school placements for these children. The School District's legal counsel has valued the annual costs of these various claims to be approximately \$650,000.

The New York State Attorney General is investigating allegations that the School District violated certain state laws prohibiting bid-rigging in its attempted sales of two district-owned properties. The Attorney General has subpoenaed one current School District employee for an investigative interview, has conducted one investigational interview of a former Board member, and has asked to interview another former Board member. Pursuant to its obligations under Public Officers Law Section 18, the School District has resolved to defend and indemnify any of its present or former Board members or employees to the extent they are required to give testimony in connection with the investigation.

There is currently pending a multiple plaintiff lawsuit commenced against the School District, the Board of Education and individual School Board members, which has been filed in the United

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

States District Court for the Southern District of New York. The plaintiff in this proceeding is seeking to 1) prohibit expenditure of School District funds to defend the appeal filed with the State Education Commissioner, 2) prohibit with respect to placement at School District expense or continued placement in a special education program not located in a public school of the School District absent a showing that the School District cannot attend to the child's special education needs, 3) prohibit the expenditure of School District money on any textbook which is not entirely secular in nature and 4) prohibit contracts with any entity controlled by a religious institution to provide Title 1 services in any school in the School District. The plaintiff is seeking compensation for their children's loss of educational activities and for punitive damages in the sum of \$10 million and awarding plaintiffs' attorneys' fees and costs. The School District's legal counsel has not provided a range of the School District's potential liability in this case.

There is an administrative proceeding before the Commissioner of Education for the State of New York. The petition, filed December 4, 2012, seeks the removal of all then-current Board members from elected office, the appointment of a permanent monitor to oversee and approve Board decisions, the appointment of an oversight committee to study the potential for redistricting, and a recommendation from the Commissioner that the State take over the School District. The petition further sought interim relief in the form of an appointment of a monitor to oversee and approve Board decisions, pending determination of the appeal. Pursuant to its obligations under Public Officers Law Section 18, the School District has resolved to defend and indemnify the respondents. On December 21, 2012, the Commissioner denied the petitioner's request for interim relief. The appeal has been fully briefed since January 22, 2013 and is still pending.

There is an action commenced by a current tenant and contract vendee of the premises known as the Colton Elementary School. The litigation was served on the School District on September 3, 2013. The purchase price under the contact of sale is the sum of \$6.6 million. The lawsuit seeks specific performance of the contract, along with a declaratory judgment that the tenant and contract vendee are entitled at closing to the full credit towards the purchase price, allegedly set forth in the second rider to the contract in a sum approximating \$1.5 million. There are also seeking a judgment directing the School District to deliver title to the property to the plaintiffs and there is a second cause of action in the complaint which alleges a breach of contract by the School District and the awarding of unspecified damages to the plaintiffs. The School District intends to strenuously oppose the plaintiffs' complaint and to counterclaim for a declaratory judgment that the plaintiffs are in default of the contract of sale because they are in default of the lease and that the School District has the right or authority to terminate the contract. In addition, the School District is seeking a declaratory judgment that the plaintiffs are not entitled to any rental credit pursuant to the terms of the contract of sale and the two riders to the contract and finally, the School District is seeking monetary damages in an unspecified amount for the plaintiffs' breach of contract.

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the School District if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year the payment is made.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

B. Contingencies

The School District participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act. Accordingly, the School District's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District is subject to audits of State aid by the New York State Education Department. The amount of aid previously paid to the School District which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District currently has two labor contracts that are expired as of June 30, 2013. The contract with the Instructional Supervisors union expired as of June 30, 2010 and the contract with the Supervisors of Business union expired as of June 30, 2011. No retroactive accruals have been reflected in the financial statements.

C. Risk Management

The School District and other school districts have formed a self-funded insurance company ("Company") to be owned by these districts. There are presently 340 New York State school districts who subscribe to the Company. This Company operates under an agreement effective July 1, 1989. The purpose of the Company is to provide general liability, school board legal liability, auto liability and auto physical damage coverage, excess insurance, equipment floaters, boilers and machinery insurance and all risk building and contents. In addition, as part of the reciprocal program, crime and bond coverages will be purchased from commercial carriers and be available to the subscriber districts. The Company retains a management company, which is responsible for the overall supervision and management of the reciprocal. The reciprocal is managed by a Board of Governors and an Attorney-in-fact, which is comprised of employees of the subscriber districts. The subscribers have elected those who sit on the board and each subscriber has a single vote. The Company is an "assessable" insurance company, in that, the subscribers are severally liable for any financial shortfall of the Company and can be assessed their proportionate share by the State Insurance Department if the funds of the Company are less than what is required to satisfy its liabilities. The subscriber districts are required to pay premiums as well as a minimal capital contribution. The School District purchases various insurance coverages from the Company to reduce its exposure to loss. The School District maintains general liability insurance coverage with policy limits of \$1 million per occurrence and \$3 million in the aggregate and an umbrella policy which provides coverage up to \$25 million. The School District also maintains liability for school board members with policy limits of \$1 million. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School District participates in a risk sharing pool, the Rockland County Workers' Compensation Plan, in order to insure workers' compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5, Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to workers' compensation claims. The Plan's actuary projects that there are sufficient assets in the workers' compensation pool to offset any potential liability.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) June 30, 2013

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

For its employee health and hospitalization insurance coverage, the School District is a participant in the New York State Employees Health Insurance Plan, a public entity risk pool operated for the benefit of New York State employers and employees of all local governments and public school districts. The Plan is considered a self-sustaining risk pool, to which the School District has essentially transferred all related risk.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Funding Progress Other Post Employment Benefits Last Three Fiscal Years

	Ac	tuarial				Unfunded			Unfunded Liability as a
Valuation Date		ue of sets	000+2000	Accrued Liability	*COMMONSTRA	Actuarial Accrued Liability	ded	 Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
July 1, 2010	\$	_	\$	311,317,570	\$	311,317,570	- %	\$ 93,465,675	333.08 %
July 1, 2011		_		311,878,037		311,878,037	-	109,122,040	285.81
July 1, 2012		-		296,910,662		296,910,662	-	98,704,838	300.81

General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

400570	2013	2012
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 26,382,070	\$ 17,655,864
Investments	40,561	42,742
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds Advances to other funds	992,794 3,884,420 642,781 6,669,639 669,617	792,554 3,483,715 1,192,051 9,196,587 669,617
Total Assets	\$ 39,281,882	\$ 33,033,130
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Due to retirement systems Budget note payable Tax anticipation notes payable Total Liabilities	\$ 8,495,288 1,282,467 253,834 11,283,291 7,412,491 17,000,000 45,727,371	\$ 4,181,474 1,309,233 485,215 - 11,272,328 - 15,000,000 32,248,250
Fund balance (deficit) Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balance (Deficit) Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	669,617 857,108 (7,972,214) (6,445,489) \$ 39,281,882	669,617 971,421 (856,158) 784,880 \$ 33,033,130

General Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended June 30,

Todio Eliada vario 00,	ya alika diki cha cha a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	2013		
REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Real property taxes Other tax items Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and	\$ 120,314,242 17,207,215 1,472,000 1,200,000	\$ 120,314,242 17,207,215 1,472,000 1,200,000	\$ 119,806,648 17,194,006 1,335,247 1,513,181	\$	\$ (507,594) (13,209) (136,753) 313,181
compensation for loss State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	48,381,536 2,760,000 493,398	54,345 48,681,536 2,760,000 1,209,682	412,892 49,602,465 1,205,106 2,363,266		358,547 920,929 (1,554,894) 1,153,584
Total Revenues	191,828,391	192,899,020	193,432,811		533,791
EXPENDITURES Current General support Board of education	203,899	253,482	240,410	5,000	8,072
Central administration Finance Staff	495,587 1,280,558 1,390,376	565,095 1,434,544 3,743,568	564,319 1,285,369 3,722,693	138,524 16,782	776 10,651 4,093
Central services Special items	11,623,322 1,852,333	10,246,864 2,524,689	10,148,924 2,498,300	66,841 22,500	31,099 3,889
Total General Support	16,846,075	18,768,242	18,460,015	249,647	58,580
Instruction Instruction, administration and improvement	6,290,195	6,217,560	6,190,185	4,276	23,099
Teaching - Regular school Programs for children with handicapping conditions	47,938,010 33,693,760	48,733,561 36,912,128	48,464,624 36,603,807	202,271 304,205	66,666 4,116
Teaching - Special schools Instructional media Pupil services	3,018,652 1,927,925 11,417,358	3,127,950 2,585,083 11,542,137	3,127,949 2,563,555 11,306,745	7,128 162,961	1 14,400 72,431
Total Instruction	104,285,900	109,118,419	108,256,865	680,841	180,713
Pupil transportation Community services Employee benefits	24,501,482 130,541 42,887,872	25,835,088 130,571 44,301,103	25,827,023 126,043 44,299,721	2,287 - -	5,778 4,528 1,382
Debt service Principal Interest	2,941,938 859,995	2,941,938 780,808	2,941,937 774,470	-	6,338
Total Expenditures	192,453,803	201,876,169	200,686,074	932,775	257,320
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(625,412)	(8,977,149)	(7,253,263)	(932,775)	791,111
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bonds issued Budget note issued	- -	364,873 7,412,491	364,873	-	- (7,412,491)
Transfers in Transfers out	100,000 (400,000)	100,000 (466,401)	100,000 (441,979)	-	24,422
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(300,000)	7,410,963	22,894		(7,388,069)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(925,412)	(1,566,186)	(7,230,369)	\$ (932,775)	\$ (6,596,958)
. Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	925,412	1,566,186	784,880		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ -	\$	\$ (6,445,489)		
	<u> </u>	51			

			2012		Variance with
Origina Budge		Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
117,706 17,140 1,473 320	,000	\$ 117,706,245 17,140,000 1,473,000 320,000	\$ 117,405,135 16,884,109 1,400,459 1,421,347	\$	\$ (301,110) (255,891) (72,541) 1,101,347
46,471 4,200 2,416	,000	46,471,030 4,200,000 2,421,541	137,616 46,959,504 647,176 2,153,328		137,616 488,474 (3,552,824) (268,213)
189,726	,987	189,731,816	187,008,674		(2,723,142)
	,111 ,101	243,767 530,258 1,345,211 1,416,633 11,052,712 3,637,308	235,451 529,659 1,237,577 1,361,513 10,815,209 3,601,471	5,615 - 86,360 51,487 190,485 35,833	. 2,701 599 21,274 3,633 47,018
18,710		18,225,889	17,780,880	369,780	75,229
8,094 50,011	•	7,238,883 50,115,478	7,212,900 49,892,832	22,185 221,692	3,798 954
30,529 3,422 3,028 14,694	2,583 3,691	34,698,009 3,125,315 2,645,530 13,207,238	34,492,969 3,125,315 2,643,984 13,100,392	204,885 - 750 99,924	155 - 796 6,922
109,78		111,030,453	110,468,392	549,436	12,625
26,516	5,488 2,891	25,762,409 111,381 42,990,665	25,732,539 110,266 42,988,448	6,196 - -	23,674 1,115 2,217
	4,392 5,522_	2,269,461 847,643	2,269,461 847,643		_
198,75	4,356	201,237,901	200,197,629	925,412	114,860
(9,02	7,369)	(11,506,085)	(13,188,955)	(925,412)	(2,608,282)
	-	- -	-	-	-
	0,000 0,266)	300,000 (551,313)	300,000 (551,313)	-	
(64	0,266)	(251,313)	(251,313)		-
(9,66	7,635)	(11,757,398)	(13,440,268)	\$ (925,412)	\$ (2,608,282)
9,66	7,635	11,757,398	14,225,148	-	
\$		<u> </u>	\$ 784,880	=	

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2013

	0 8	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Vari Fină P	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 12	120,314,242	\$ 120,314,242	\$ 119,806,648	€	(507,594)
OTHER TAX ITEMS School tax relief reimbursement Payments in lieu of taxes	_	16,857,215 350,000	16,857,215 350,000	16,857,215		- (13,209)
		17,207,215	17,207,215	17,194,006		(13,209)
Day school tuition - Other districts Health services - Other districts Transportation services - Other districts Other charges for services		1,150,000	1,150,000	1,283,966 49,818 500 963		133,966 (272,182) 500 963
VEGEORGE ON VENOR EC EST.		1,472,000	1,472,000	1,335,247		(136,753)
Earnings on investments Rental of real property - Individuals Rental of real property - BOCES and other governments		100,000	100,000	119,348 1,365,928 27,905		19,348 265,928 27,905
SALE OF BROBERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS		1,200,000	1,200,000	1,513,181		313,181
Minor sales Insurance recoveries Other compensation for loss		1 1 !	54,345	2,041 109,982 300,869		2,041 109,982 246,524
		ı	54,345	412,892		358,547

42.270.384	42,270,384	42,962,080	691,696
2,241,411	2,241,411	1,574,428	(666,983)
1,650,472	1,650,472	1,982,025	331,553
1,609,331	1,609,331	1,618,890	9,559
448,144	448,144	578,683	130,539
161,794	161,794	180,608	18,814
1	300,000	485,707	185,707
1		220,044	220,044
48,381,536	48,681,536	49,602,465	920,929
			2.00
- 000 092 6	- 000 092 6	1 186 001	(1,573,999)
2,700,000	2,100,000	, , , , , ,	
2,760,000	2,760,000	1,205,106	(1,554,894)
		L 1 0	107
493,398	498,098	625,655	127,557 922 487
1	711 584	711 584	- (112)
	5)	103,540	103,540
493,398	1,209,682	2,363,266	1,153,584
191,828,391	192,899,020	193,432,811	533,791
ı	364,873	364,873	•
ı	7,412,491	1	(7,412,491)
100,000	100,000	100,000	1
100 000	7.877.364	464,873	(7,412,491)
\$ 191,928,391	\$ 200,776,384	\$ 193,897,684	\$ (6,878,700)
2,2,2 1,6 1,6 4 4 4 191,8 191,8	2,241,411 1,650,472 1,609,331 448,144 161,794 161,794 161,794 161,794 493,398 493,398 493,398 11,828,391 100,000		2,241,411 1,650,472 1,609,331 448,144 161,794 300,000 2,760,000 2,760,000 498,098 498,098 711,584 7,11,584 7,412,491 7,412,491 100,000 100,000

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2013

Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	\$ 1,052 2,545 4,475	8,072	776	2,443	1,710 5,154	10,651	3,793	4,093
Encumbr- ances	5,000	5,000	1	133,824	2,950	138,524	16,782	16,782
Actual	2,448 137,646 100,316	240,410	564,319	361,401 574,896 82,345	54,856 211,871	1,285,369	3,155,958 557,363 - 9,372	3,722,693
Final Budget	3,500 \$ 145,191 104,791	253,482	565,095	497,668 576,240 84,095	56,566 219,975	1,434,544	3,172,740 561,156 - 9,672	3,743,568
Original Budget	\$ 3,500 \$ 129,399 71,000	203,899	495,587	364,490 562,680 63,120	57,266 233,002	1,280,558	708,212 631,264 9,000 41,900	1,390,376
GENERAL SUPPORT	BOARD OF EDUCATION Board of education District clerk District meeting	Total Board of Education	CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION Chief school administrator	95 FINANCE Business administration Accounting Auditing	Treasurer Purchasing	Total Finance	STAFF Legal Personnel Records management officer Public information and services	Total Staff

CENTRAL SERVICES Operation of plant Maintenance of plant Central storeroom Central printing and mailing Central office supplies Central data processing	7,428,351 2,774,304 30,826 558,411 18,498 812,932	6,772,167 2,570,999 29,826 412,796 4,378 456,698	6,730,220 2,521,900 27,597 412,796 1,046 455,365	38,314 28,527 - -	3,633 20,572 2,229 - 3,332 1,333
Total Central Services	11,623,322	10,246,864	10,148,924	66,841	31,099
SPECIAL ITEMS Unallocated insurance School association dues Judgments and claims Assessments on school property Refunds of real property taxes Administrative charge - BOCES	343,000 24,000 235,833 200,000 50,000 999,500	385,361 24,000 320,922 231,000 531,630 1,031,776	385,357 20,495 298,422 230,621 531,630 1,031,775	22,500	3,505 - 379 -
Total Special Items	1,852,333	2,524,689	2,498,300	22,500	3,889
Total General Support	16,846,075	18,768,242	18,460,015	249,647	58,580
INSTRUCTION					
INSTRUCTION, ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT Curriculum development Supervision - Regular school Supervision - District-wide Research, planning and evaluation In-service training and instruction	397,813 4,911,320 833,812 110,750 36,500	294,804 5,160,111 678,279 10,957 73,409	286,044 5,155,451 672,593 6,099 69,998	3,500 176 600	8,760 1,160 5,510 4,258 3,411
Total Instruction, Administration and Improvement	6,290,195	6,217,560	6,190,185	4,276	23,099
TEACHING - REGULAR SCHOOL	47,938,010	48,733,561	48,464,624	202,271	999'99
PROGRAMS FOR CHILDREN WITH HANDICAPPING CONDITIONS Programs for students with disabilities	33,693,760	36,912,128	36,603,807	304,205	4,116
TEACHING - SPECIAL SCHOOLS	3,018,652	3,127,950	3,127,949		

(Continued)

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2013 **General Fund**

ž	INSTRUCTION (Continued)		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Ë	Encumbr- ances	Var Fin	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<i>IN</i> :	<i>INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA</i> School library and audiovisual Computer assisted instruction	₩	717,625	φ	695,157	↔	684,917	₩	3,198	↔	7,042
	Total Instructional Media		1,927,925		2,585,083		2,563,555		7,128		14,400
PL Att	<i>PUPIL SERVICES</i> Attendance - Regular school		60,094		60,094		58,732		ı		1,362
<u>පි</u> එ 57	Guidance - Regular school Health services - Regular school		1,982,687 2.869,979	•	1,952,916 2.643,906		1,949,418 2,490,421		315 153.382		3,183
Ps	Psychological services - Regular school		2,618,192		2,740,557		2,739,988		255		314
တို့ တို	Social work services - Regular school Speech therapy - Regular school		- 2 944 114		12,000 3.063.199		12,000 3.058.092		1 1		5 107
ြင်	Co-curricular activities - Regular school		354,205		321,143		300,956		1,021		19,166
Ţ	Interscholastic athletics - Regular school		588,087		748,322		697,138		7,988		43,196
	Total Pupil Services		11,417,358		11,542,137		11,306,745		162,961		72,431
	Total Instruction		104,285,900		109,118,419	9	108,256,865		680,841		180,713
P. S.	PUPIL TRANSPORTATION District transportation services Transportation - BOCES Contract transportation		4,087,213 169,281 20,244,988		4,593,015 430,822 20,811,251		4,587,325 430,821 20,808,877		1,447		4,243 1,534
	Total Pupil Transportation		24,501,482		25,835,088		25,827,023		2,287		5,778

COMMUNITY SERVICES Census	130,541	130,571	126,043	1	4,528
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	2.963.882	3,575,283	3,575,281	ı	7
State Tetilefit Teachers' refirement	8,519,529	8,961,761	8,961,761	ŧ	ı
Social security	6,847,764	6,782,739	6,782,739	ı	1 (0
Hospital medical and dental insurance	22,751,697	23,311,980	23,310,600	1	1,380
Inamplement benefits	800,000	405,789	405,789	ı	•
Workers' compensation benefits	1,005,000	1,263,551	1,263,551		
Total Employee Benefits	42,887,872	44,301,103	44,299,721		1,382
DEBT SERVICE					
Principal Serial bonds	1,960,000	1,960,000	1,960,000	t	١, ٠
Energy performance contracts	981,938	981,938	981,937	1	
	2,941,938	2,941,938	2,941,937		
Interest	604.925	513,238	206,900	į	6,338
Selial Durius Energy performance contracts Tax anticination notes	205,070	205,070 62,500	205,070 62,500	1 1	1
מא מוווסיף ממוסיים ווסיסט					000
	859,995	780,808	774,470		0,530
Total Debt Service	3,801,933	3,722,746	3,716,407	f	6,339
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	192,453,803	201,876,169	200,686,074	932,775	257,320
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out Capital Projects Fund	- 00	92,401	68,995	1 1	23,406
Special Aid Fund	400,000	000,470	5000		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	400,000	466,401	441,979	1	24,422
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 192,853,803	\$ 202,342,570	\$ 201,128,053	\$ 932,775	\$ 258,336

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Special Aid Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	2013	2012
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,619,558	\$ 770,392
Investments	144	144
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid	4,248 5,243,017 5,247,265	6,372 7,960,014 7,966,386
Total Assets	\$ 6,866,967	\$ 8,736,922
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues Due to other funds	\$ 746,518 46,611 7,311 6,066,527	\$ 826,951 63,298 - 7,846,673
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,866,967	\$ 8,736,922

Special Aid Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended June 30,

		20	13		
REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	\$ 7,155,929 25,405,033 12,125	\$ 7,137,613 26,836,379 12,125	\$ 6,740,440 21,945,114 12,125	\$ (397,173) (4,891,265)	
Total Revenues	32,573,087	33,986,117	28,697,679	(5,288,438)	
EXPENDITURES Current Instruction	32,973,087	34,360,117	29,070,663	5,289,454	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(400,000)	(374,000)	(372,984)	1,016	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	400,000	374,000	372,984	(1,016)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			_		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -	

	20	12						
 Original Budget	Final Budget	Final			Varian Final E Final Pos			
\$ 6,895,092 25,097,873 24,250	\$ 7,196,797 29,692,878 24,250	\$ 7,042,600 23,224,252 24,250	\$ (154,197) (6,468,626)					
32,017,215	36,913,925	30,291,102	(6,622,823)					
 32,917,481	37,343,925	30,816,088	6,527,837					
(900,266)	(430,000)	(524,986)	(94,986)					
 900,266	430,000	524,986	94,986					
-	-	-	-					
 	-	_						
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>					

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

ACCETO	 2013		2012
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 28,001	\$	327,326
Investments	 5		5
Receivables State and Federal aid Due from other funds	 11,248		11,248 485,097
	 11,248		496,345
Total Assets	\$ 39,254	\$	823,676
LIABILITIES AND FUND DEFICIT Liabilities			
Due to other funds Advances from other funds Due to other governments	\$ 23,411 669,617 15,843	***************************************	807,832 669,617 15,844
	708,871		1,493,293
Fund deficit Unassigned	 (669,617)		(669,617)
Total Liabilities and Fund Deficit	\$ 39,254	\$	823,676

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

REVENUES		2013	2012		
State aid	\$		\$	381,655	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		68,995			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(68,995)		381,655	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Bonds issued Transfers in		- 68,995		7,180,000 26,327	
Total Other Financing Sources		68,995		7,206,327	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		7,587,982	
Fund Deficit - Beginning of Year		(669,617)		(8,257,599)	
Fund Deficit - End of Year	\$	(669,617)	\$	(669,617)	

Capital Projects Fund Project-Length Schedule Inception Of Project Through June 30, 2013

			Expenditures and Transfers to					Date	
PROJECT		Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total	
Warehouse Various District Improvements Emergency Repairs - Kakiat Elementary and	\$	63,000 14,325,000	\$	83,445 14,323,656	\$	-	\$	83,445 14,323,656	
Spring Valley High Schools		92,401		_		68,995		68,995	
Totals	\$	14,480,401	\$	14,407,101	\$	68,995	\$	14,476,096	

Unexpended Balance			Methods of Financing Proceeds of State and Obligations Federal Aid Transfers Total						Fund Deficit at June 30, 2013		
\$	(20,445) 1,344	\$	63,000 7,180,000	\$	5,818,825	\$	- 675,659	\$	63,000 13,674,484	\$	(20,445) (649,172)
	23,406		_				68,995		68,995		_
\$	4,305	\$	7,243,000	\$	5,818,825	\$	744,654	\$	13,806,479	\$	(669,617)

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2013 (With Comparative Totals For 2012)

ASSETS	School Lunch	Special Purpose	Debt Service		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 28,470	\$ 6,426	\$ 454,487		
Investments	468	297,059	741		
Receivables State and Federal aid Due from other funds	223,609	-	- 5		
	223,609	_	5		
Inventories	57,992		Management of the Control of the Con		
Total Assets	\$ 310,539	\$ 303,485	\$ 455,233		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities					
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 167,173 98 579,706	\$ - - -	\$ - - -		
Total Liabilities	746,977	-	••		
Fund balances (deficits) Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	57,992 - - (494,430)	303,485 - -	355,233 100,000 		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	(436,438)	303,485	455,233		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 310,539	\$ 303,485	\$ 455,233		

Total Non-Major Governmental Funds									
	2013	2012							
\$	489,383	\$ 1,279,724							
	298,268	306,417							
	223,609 5	248,555							
	223,614	248,555							
	57,992	14,918							
\$	1,069,257	\$ 1,849,614							
\$	167,173 98 579,706	\$ 142,535 1,788 541,964							
	746,977	686,287							
	57,992 658,718 100,000 (494,430)	14,918 765,688 382,721							
	322,280	1,163,327							
\$	1,069,257	\$ 1,849,614							

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2013
(With Comparative Totals For 2012)

	School Lunch	Special Purpose	Debt Service
REVENUES Use of money and property State aid Federal aid Food sales Miscellaneous	\$ 154 106,626 3,264,265 582,316	\$ 53 - - - 7,867	\$ 1,560 - - - -
Total Revenues	3,953,361	7,920	1,560
EXPENDITURES Current Cost of food sales	4,687,438	_	
Other	-	16,450	***
Total Expenditures	4,687,438	16,450	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(734,077)	(8,530)	1,560
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out			(100,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(734,077)	(8,530)	(98,440)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	297,639	312,015	553,673
Fund Balances (Deficits) - End of Year	\$ (436,438)	\$ 303,485	\$ 455,233

Total Non-Major Governmental Funds							
	2013	2012					
\$	1,767 106,626 3,264,265 582,316 7,867	\$ 7,904 120,707 3,300,740 573,414 18,424					
	3,962,841	4,021,189					
	4,687,438	5,057,228 25,125					
	16,450 4,703,888	5,082,353					
	(741,047)	(1,061,164)					
	(100,000)	(300,000)					
	(841,047)	(1,361,164)					
	1,163,327	2,524,491					
\$	322,280	\$ 1,163,327					

School Lunch Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

ASSETS		2013		2012
Cash and equivalents Investments State and Federal aid receivable Inventories	\$	28,470 468 223,609 57,992	\$	420,103 468 248,555 14,918
Total Assets	\$	310,539	\$	684,044
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	167,173	\$	142,535
Accrued liabilities		98		1,788
Due to other funds		579,706		242,082
Total Liabilities	•	746,977	West of the latest section of the latest sec	386,405
Fund balance (deficit)				
Nonspendable		57,992		14,918
Assigned		· · ·		282,721
Unassigned		(494;430)		
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		(436,438)		297,639
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	310,539	\$	684,044

School Lunch Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended June 30,

	 2013	 2012
REVENUES Use of money and property State aid Federal aid Food sales	\$ 154 106,626 3,264,265 582,316	\$ 5,379 120,707 3,300,740 573,414
Total Revenues	3,953,361	4,000,240
EXPENDITURES Current	4,687,438	5,057,228
Cost of food sales Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (734,077)	 (1,056,988)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 297,639	 1,354,627
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (436,438)	\$ 297,639

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

ASSETS		2013		
Cash and equivalents Investments	\$	6,426 297,059	\$	6,807 305,208
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	303,485	\$	312,015
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$	303,485	\$	312,015

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

	2013	 2012
REVENUES Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 53 7,867	\$ 33 18,424
Total Revenues	7,920	18,457
EXPENDITURES Current Other	 16,450	25,125
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(8,530)	(6,668)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 312,015	 318,683
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 303,485	\$ 312,015

Debt Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

400570	 2013	***************************************	2012
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments Due from Other Funds	\$ 454,487 741 5	\$	852,814 741 -
Total Assets	\$ 455,233	\$	853,555
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		_	
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$	299,882
Fund Balance Restricted Assigned	 355,233 100,000		453,673 100,000
Total Fund Balance	455,233		553,673
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 455,233	\$	853,555

Debt Service Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended June 30,

	 2013	2012		
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$ 1,560	\$	2,492	
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	 (100,000)		(300,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(98,440)		(297,508)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 553,673		851,181	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 455,233	\$	553,673	

Actual Percentage

General Fund Analysis of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget Year Ended June 30, 2013			
Adopted Budget		\$	191,928,391
Additions - Encumbrances		- Carrieran	925,412
Original Budget			192,853,803
Budget Amendments			9,488,767
Final Budget		\$	202,342,570
General Fund Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation			
2013-2014 Expenditure Budget		\$	209,517,465
General Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Unrestricted fund balance Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$ - (7,972,214)	_	
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	(7,972,214)		
Less Encumbrances	 932,775	-	
General Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$	(8,904,989)

(4.25) %

Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets	
Year Ended June 30, 2013	

Capital Assets, net		\$ 45,199,921
Less Bonds payable Unamortized portion of issuance premium on refunding bonds Energy performance contract payable	(12,789,873) (486,058) (4,758,133)	(18,034,064)
Plus Unamortized portion of issuance costs on refunding bonds Unamortized portion of loss on refunding bonds	59,220 156,837	216,057
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 27,381,914